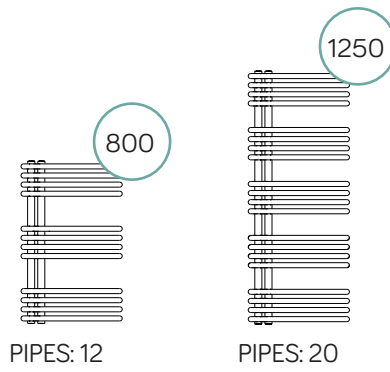


# Como

Technical sheet





Description	Straight
Material	Carbon steel
Pipes - Ø	25x15
Collectors - Ø	35x15
Connections	4x1/2' (air bleeding valve connection, included)
Wall fixings	4
Max operating pressure	10 bar
Max operating temperature	90 °C
Paint	Epoxy polyester powder
Packaging	Nylon bag, carton box, carton and styrofoam protections
Standard equipment	1 kit wall fixing brackets - 1 air bleeding valve - 1 blind plug

### Connection

Min.	Max
62	72

- SINGLE PIPE VALVE OPTION
- REVERSIBLE
- ONLY 50 MM CONNECTIONS

### Wall distance

Min.	Max
80	90

### Suggested installations

## Chrome - straight

Code	Height mm	Width mm	Pipe centre mm	Weight kg	Water lt	$\Delta T_{50} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	$\Delta T_{60} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Btu	Exponent n
<b>388583</b>	800	500	50	7,6	3,2	212	912	1,25603
<b>388584</b>	1250	500	50	12,5	5,2	334	1440	1,24162

## Anthracite VOV12 - straight

Code	Height mm	Width mm	Pipe centre mm	Weight kg	Water lt	$\Delta T_{50} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	$\Delta T_{60} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Btu	Exponent n
<b>388585</b>	800	500	50	7,4	3,2	322	1376	1,22611
<b>388586</b>	1250	500	50	12,1	5,2	518	2218	1,24162

Our radiators are tested in qualified laboratories according to EN-442 regulations which determine the output value by fixing the  $\Delta T$  at 50 °C.  $\Delta T$  is the difference between the average temperature of the water inside the radiator and the room temperature. The formula is:

Ex.:  $\left(\frac{T_1+T_2}{2}\right)-T_3 = 50 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . For output values with a different  $\Delta T$  use the following formula:  $\Phi_x = \Phi_{\Delta T_{50}} * (\Delta T_x / 50)^n$ .

See calculation example of the output at  $\Delta T$  60 °C of article 388583:  $212 * (60/50)^{1,25603} = 267$ .

Output values in **kcal/h** = watt x 0,85984.

Output values in **btu** = watt x 3,412.

### KEY

$T_1$  = supply temperature -  $T_2$  = return temperature -  $T_3$  = room temperature.

$\Phi_x$  = output to be calculated -  $\Phi_{\Delta T_{50}}$  = output at  $\Delta T$  50 °C (table) -  $\Delta T_x$  =  $\Delta T$  value to be calculated - n = exponent "n" (table).